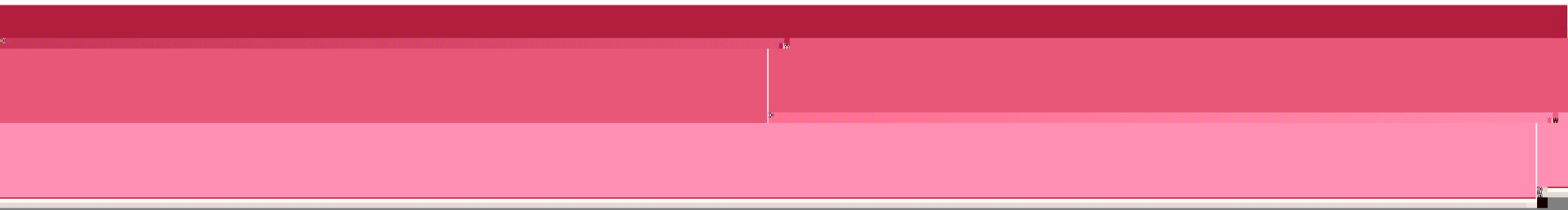


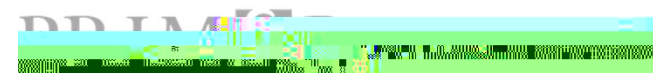


December 12-15, 2022



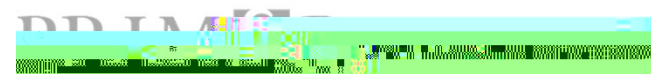
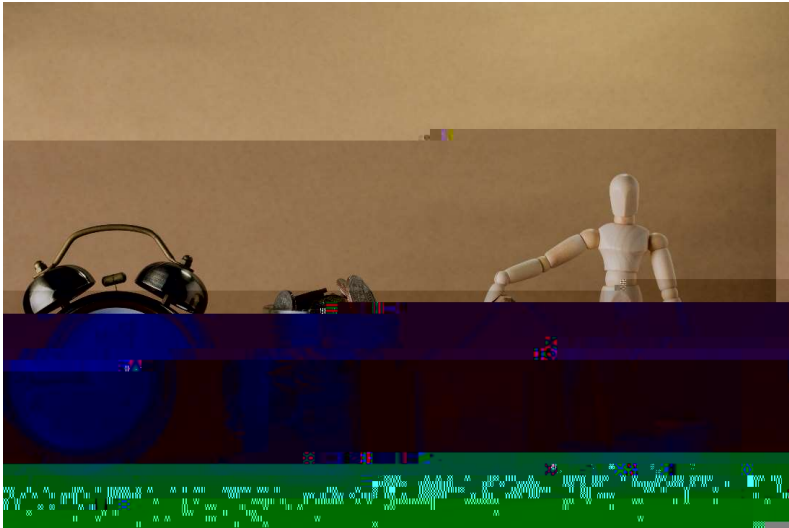


**I have no relevant personal/professional/financial relationship(s)
with respect to this educational activity**



REIMBURSEMENT	Repayment for out-of-pocket expenses personally incurred as part of research participation
COMPENSATION	Paid for time and undertaking burdens of research
INCENTIVES	Offered to improve recruitment and participation rates





Community Advisory Board (CAB) helped develop our interview guide

Perceptions of incentives

Ethical decision making to incentivize research participants

Tangible and intangible motivations to participate in clinical research



Individual interviews conducted Nov 2021-Apr 2022

12 study investigators

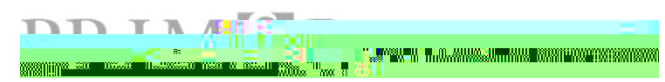
12 IRB members / bioethicists

12 people living with HIV



Interviews transcribed using OtterAI, coded using thematic analysis, and systematically analyzed using a codebook

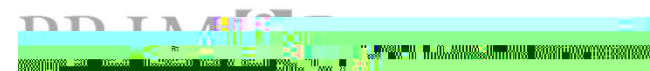




"How do you feel about the community? If those incentives are low you will suffer in recruitment and retention. People will recognize and they will think that you want us to do a lot, yet you don't want to respect us"

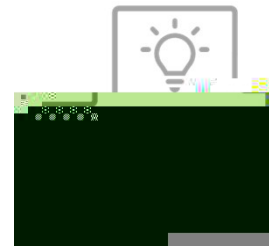
"You have to first build a trusting relationship with your population. Researchers have to be very aware when going out and asking these qualitative questions."

"I think stigma has killed more people than the disease. So just letting us share with you some of our obstacles, some of our triumphs and tragedies..that could help"





budget constraints



**varying perceptions of motivations
to participate in research**

**“I feel like what I bring is me, and that's
valuable, the compensation is in the experience”
– RWI**

___ RB Member,
Bioethicist, and Researcher
interviewees placed greater
emphasis on incentives that
are “too high”.

**When is an incentive
“too much/too high”
and “too little/too
low”?**

___ interviewed PIWH
placed greater emphasis on
incentives that are “too
low” and did not believe any
incentives currently exist in
HIV research that are “too
high”.



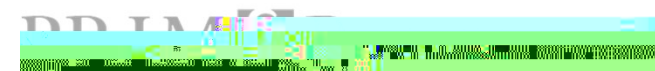
Participants should not incur out-of-pocket expenses to participate (should be reimbursed).

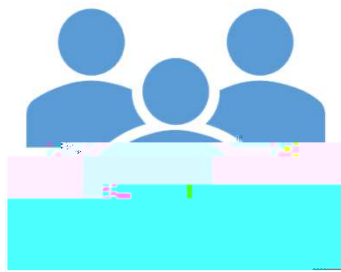


Study populations should be a factor when determining ethical incentives

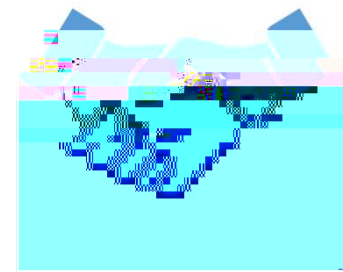


Access to efficacious interventions post study is an incentive





**Sample was limited to 36 participants
from three stakeholder groups**



Recruitment conducted q



