

Adapting a Universal Prevention Program to Fit the Response to Intervention Multi-tiered System of Support Framework Utilized in Schools



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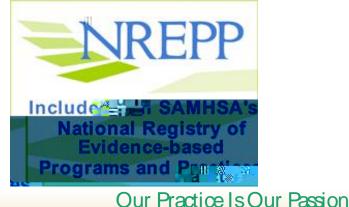
Acknowledgements

- Project Mentors Dr. Moore and Kim Menendez
- Mendez Foundation Staff
- Hillsborough County School District
- Institute for Translational Research in Adolescent Behavioral Health
- National Institute for Drug Abuse



Mendez Foundation

- Founded in 1964, Mendez Foundation provides evidencebased universal prevention education programs called *Too Good for Drugs* and *Too Good for Violence-Social Perspectives* for children and adolescents k-12 grades.
- Too Good programs provide students with social and emotional learning skills they need to refuse substances, refrain from violent behavior, maintain positive self-image, and develop healthy relationships.





Response to Intervention

Revisions to the No Child Left Behind (NCLB) Act and Individuals with Disabilities Education Act (IDEA) have led to a proactive approach to addressing student need called Response to Intervention (RTI).

The three key components of RTI include:

- A continuous application of a structured problem-solving process
- An integrated data system to use for problem-solving
- A multi-tiered model of service delivery

Adaptation

- One component of Project Prevent employs utilization of the Mendez Foundation's universal *Too Good* programs <u>as</u> a targeted Tier 2 intervention for small groups.
- Too Good programs are intended to be delivered in their entirety in a "universal" classroom setting over the course of 10 weeks.
- In the Tier 2 format, school staff must adapt elements of the curriculum to meet specific needs of students and account for challenges associated with addressing behaviors during the school day.

Mendez Foundation Collaboration with Hillsborough County Schools

• Over the course of 18 months, Mendez Foundation staff including executive direls3ion Collaboration with

Methods

Quantitative

Disseminated a survey to 15 mental health staff who attended



Quantitative Data

Survey Results

Variables	% and Range		
School Setting:			
Elementary	4.5%		
Middle	68.2%		
High	27.3%		
School Profession:			
Counselor	53.3%		
Psychologist	33.3%		
Social Worker	6.6%		
Success Coach	6.6%		
Experience (Years)	7.5 (range 1 22)		
Implementation			
Bi-weekly	11.8%		
Weekly	82.3%		
Monthly	5.9%		
Number of Students Served			
1 10	13.3%		
11 20	26.7%		
21 30	6.7%		
> 30 53.3%			

Survey Results

- All agree that training was helpful
- 93% received additional help
 - Additional training regarding adaptations and curriculum
- 38% anticipate significant barriers
 - Training of future staff
 - Time
 - Testing conflicts



Qualitative Data

Middle Schools in Pilot

Five schools with a high volume of discipline referrals participated in the initial implementation pilot.

	Jennings	Madison	McLane	Greco	Sligh
Battery	8	2	1	3	0
Drug Use	7	5	11	2	1
Fighting	14	25	30	31	81
Threat/Intimi dation	2	8	12	4	11
Weapons	4	1	4	1	2

Training

Participants stated they enjoyed the training sessions

Identification

• All

Operations

There was variety in how *Too Good* programs were delivered at each school site.

• D

Targeted Behaviors & Social and Emotional Learning

The 5 schools targeted the following behaviors:



Anger Violence Drugs Communication Goal setting Decision Making Deescalation



SOCIAL AND EMOTIONAL LEARNING

Mendez staff and the school-based mental health staff generally shared the same sentiment on the importance of teaching the social and emotional learning (SEL) lessons.

- Four out of the five schools strongly supported the use of these lessons.
- The Mendez staff expressed that these lessons "enhance student's selfefficacy, resiliency, and overall respect for one's self."

7th Grade Overlap

In 7th grade, Too Good programs are delivered in the

universal classroom format, in conjunction with the program being used in the Tier 2 format. As a result, we asked participants their thoughts on the overlap.

- 2 participants reported that they couldn't comment because they were "not sure" or "didn't know" if the 7th grade universal program was already being implemented at their school
- 1 participant stated that the overlap caused an issue because the 7th grade students had already completed the activities
- 2 participants stated that they enjoyed the overlap because students need the repetition, in order for the concepts stick with the Tier 2 students who have been identified as needing additional support



Discussion

Strengths

Too Good curriculum

- user-friendly, fun, and interactive
- a deeper understanding of the material takes place in the Tier 2 setting

Challenges

- Competing with academic instruction time
- Difficult to pull students from class, which created difficulty in implementation
- Poor communication was another challenge mentioned by several participants

Suggestions/Solutions

- Create implementation plans at each school that consider minimizing interference with academic instruction time
- Explain the aims of Project Prevent to the entire staff at each participating school
- Ensure that the administrative leadership team at each school display enthusiasm and support for the initiative

Limitations and Future Directions

Limitations

- Time frame
 - Early implementation
- Sample size
 - Only 5 middle schools were selected for pilot

Future Directions

- Elapsed time allows for opportunity to provide a more thorough program evaluation
- Possibly expand the project to incorporate more schools and elementary and high school
- Attend more trainings and distribute additional surveys to include more participants

Implications for Adolescent Behavioral Health

- The bulk of the adaptation literature is concerned with cultural adaptations to evidence-based programs, rather setting-based adaptations.
- Only a few studies have discussed adapting